

Regulatory Compliance

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Overview

Drop Srbija operates within the Serbian regulatory framework for payment services, data protection, and anti-money laundering. This document outlines the key legal requirements and compliance obligations.

NBS (Narodna Banka Srbije) — Payment Institution Licensing

Licensing Path

Year 1 (Recommended): Operate as **registered agent** under Article 24 of the Law on Payment Services through partnership with a licensed Serbian bank.

Year 2: Pursue **Payment Institution (PI) license** directly from NBS once market validation is proven.

Payment Institution License Requirements

If pursuing own PI license:

Minimum Capital Requirement: EUR 125,000 (or RSD equivalent)

Required Documents for NBS Authorization:

1. Business Plan (3-year projection)

- Market analysis (Serbian remittance + domestic transfer market)
- Revenue model (transaction fees, FX spreads)
- Risk assessment (operational, financial, fraud, AML/CFT)
- Financial projections (P&L, balance sheet, cash flow)

2. **AML/CFT Programme**

- Customer due diligence procedures
- Transaction monitoring rules (thresholds, alerts)
- Sanctions screening process
- Suspicious transaction reporting protocol
- USPNFT eUprava integration for STR filing

3. **IT Security and Business Continuity**

- System architecture diagram
- Data protection measures (encryption, access control, audit logs)
- Incident response plan
- Disaster recovery and backup procedures
- Penetration testing schedule

4. **Organizational Structure**

- Org chart with key personnel
- CVs and credentials of directors and compliance officers
- Proof of fit-and-proper assessment (criminal record check, financial solvency)
- Compliance Officer appointment (AML/CFT specialist)
- Data Protection Officer (DPO) appointment

5. **Proof of Share Capital**

- Bank statement showing EUR 125,000 deposited
- Shareholder agreements
- Proof of source of funds

Timeline: 9-14 months from application submission to license issuance (optimistic).

NBS Contact:

- Email: platne.institucije@nbs.rs
- Phone: +381 11 3027 100
- Address: Nemanjina 17, 11000 Belgrade, Serbia

Legal Reference: [nbs-pisp-license-requirements.md](#)

ZPNFTM (Zakon o sprežavanju pranja novca) — AML/CFT Framework

Law on Prevention of Money Laundering and Terrorist Financing

Official Gazette: 113/2017, 91/2019, 153/2020

Regulatory Authority: Administration for the Prevention of Money Laundering (APML)

Key Obligations

1. Customer Due Diligence (CDD)

- Verify identity using government-issued ID (JMBG validation)
- Collect name, address, date of birth, national ID number
- Verify beneficial ownership (for legal entities)
- Enhanced due diligence for high-risk customers (PEPs, high-value transactions)

2. Transaction Monitoring

- Threshold: RSD 15,000 (~EUR 130) for identification requirement
- High-value threshold: EUR 15,000 for enhanced monitoring
- Pattern detection: Structuring, unusual activity, cross-border remittances

3. Suspicious Transaction Reporting (STR)

- Report to APML via **USPNFT eUprava portal** (<https://euprava.gov.rs>)
- No de minimis threshold — any suspicious activity must be reported
- Prohibition on tipping off the customer

4. Record Retention

- 5 years minimum for transaction data (Article 60)
- 10 years for high-risk transactions
- Must be readily accessible for APML audits

5. Sanctions Screening

- Check all customers and transactions against:
 - **UN Consolidated List** (<https://www.un.org/securitycouncil/sanctions/list>)
 - **EU Restrictive Measures** (<https://sanctionsmap.eu/>)
 - **Serbian Government Sanctions** (Official Gazette)
- **NOTE:** There is NO "NBS SDN list" — Serbia does not maintain a separate sanctions list. Use UN + EU + Serbian government sources only.

6. PEP Screening

- Politically Exposed Persons (domestic and foreign)
- Family members and close associates
- Enhanced due diligence required

USPNFT eUprava Integration

Portal: <https://euprava.gov.rs/usluge/uspunft>

What it does: Electronic submission of Suspicious Transaction Reports (STRs) to APML

Drop Srbija Implementation:

- Compliance Officer has eUprava account with STR permissions
- STR submission within 3 business days of detection
- System generates draft STR from `aml_flags` table entries
- Manual review by Compliance Officer before submission

ZZPL (Zakon o zaštiti podataka o ličnosti) — Data Protection

Law on Personal Data Protection

Official Gazette: 87/2018

Regulatory Authority: Poverenik za informacije od javnog značaja i zaštitu podataka o ličnosti (Commissioner for Information of Public Importance and Personal Data Protection)

Contact:

- Email: office@poverenik.rs
- Phone: +381 11 3408 900
- Address: Bulevar kralja Aleksandra 15, 11000 Belgrade, Serbia

Key Principles

Serbia's ZZPL is modeled on GDPR but with some differences. Key provisions:

1. Legal Bases for Processing (Article 12)

- **(a) Consent:** Marketing communications, optional features
- **(b) Contract Performance:** Account creation, payment processing
- **(c) Legal Obligation:** AML/CFT compliance, incident reporting to NBS
- **(d) Vital Interests:** Fraud prevention
- **(e) Public Interest:** Not applicable for Drop Srbija
- **(f) Legitimate Interest:** Product improvements, analytics

2. Data Categories Processed by Drop Srbija

- **Identity:** Name, JMBG (national ID), date of birth, address
- **Contact:** Phone number, email
- **Financial:** IBAN, transaction history
- **Biometric (if KYC implemented):** Facial recognition data for identity verification
- **Device:** IP address, device ID, app version

3. Data Subject Rights

- **Right of Access (Article 23):** User can request copy of all personal data
- **Right to Rectification (Article 24):** User can correct inaccurate data
- **Right to Erasure (Article 25):** "Right to be forgotten" — must delete unless legal obligation to retain (AML 5-year retention overrides)

- **Right to Data Portability (Article 27):** Export data in machine-readable format (JSON)
 - **Right to Object (Article 28):** User can object to processing based on legitimate interest
4. **Data Breach Notification**
- **To Poverenik:** Within 72 hours of breach discovery (Article 54)
 - **To Users:** Without undue delay if high risk to rights and freedoms
 - **Breach Definition:** Unauthorized access, data loss, data exposure, ransomware, etc.
5. **Data Retention Policy**
- **Active users:** Retain while account is active
 - **Inactive users:** After 2 years of inactivity, anonymize or delete (unless AML retention applies)
 - **AML data:** 5 years from transaction date (overrides erasure requests)
 - **Marketing consent:** Until withdrawn
6. **Cross-Border Data Transfers**
- Drop Srbija infrastructure: AWS EU (Frankfurt or Stockholm region)
 - Serbia is an EU candidate country — adequacy decision expected during EU accession
 - Current status: Transfers to EU/EEA allowed under ZZPL Article 63 (adequate protection)

Data Protection Impact Assessment (DPIA)

Required for: Biometric KYC verification (facial recognition for JMBG validation)

Document: [dpia-kyc-biometric.md](#)

Key Findings:

- High risk: Biometric data is special category (Article 17)
- Mitigation: Encryption, access control, retention limits (delete after verification)
- Legal basis: Legal obligation (AML/CFT) + contract performance
- Approved by: ALAI Lexicon (awaiting Serbian DPO review)

Privacy Policy

Location: [privacy-policy-sr.md](#)

Publication Requirements:

- Must be in Serbian (official version)
- Published on Drop Srbija website before launch
- In-app display during onboarding (user must accept before account creation)

- Updated whenever processing activities change

Content Includes:

- Data controller: Drop Srbija d.o.o. (legal entity TBD)
 - Legal bases for each processing activity
 - Data categories and retention periods
 - Third-party processors (AWS, SMS gateway)
 - User rights and how to exercise them
 - DPO contact details
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Incident Reporting — NBS and Poverenik

Three-Track Notification System

Drop Srbija has three parallel incident notification obligations:

Track 1: NBS Initial Notification (Within 4 Hours)

Trigger: Significant operational or security incident affecting payment services

Examples:

- Service outage >2 hours
- Cyberattack or data breach
- Fraudulent transaction pattern
- NBS IPS integration failure
- Critical system failure

Contact: platne.institucije@nbs.rs, +381 11 3027 100

Format: Brief email alert with:

- Incident type and time of detection
- Preliminary impact assessment
- Immediate actions taken
- Estimated resolution time

Track 2: NBS Detailed Report (Within 72 Hours)

Follow-up to Track 1 with comprehensive analysis:

Required Content:

- Root cause analysis
- Full impact assessment (customers affected, transaction volume, financial loss)
- Timeline of events
- Preventive measures implemented
- Lessons learned

Format: PDF document, 5-15 pages, Serbian language

Submission: Email to platne.institucije@nbs.rs

Track 3: Poverenik Data Breach Notification (Within 72 Hours)

Trigger: Personal data breach (unauthorized access, data exposure, data loss)

Examples:

- Database leak
- Phishing attack exposing customer data
- Employee unauthorized access
- Ransomware encryption of customer records

Contact: office@poverenik.rs, +381 11 3408 900

Format: Breach notification form (available on Poverenik website)

Required Content:

- Nature of breach (type of data, number of individuals affected)
- Likely consequences
- Measures taken to mitigate
- DPO contact details

IMPORTANT: This is a separate notification from NBS reporting. Personal data breaches must be reported to BOTH NBS (if affecting payment services) AND Poverenik (for data protection compliance).

User Notification

Trigger: Data breach likely to result in high risk to user rights and freedoms

Timeline: Without undue delay (typically within 72 hours)

Method: SMS + in-app notification + email

Template: [incident-notification-procedure.md](#) contains user notification templates in Serbian.

Serbian Bank Partnership

Drop Srbija Year 1 strategy relies on partnership with a licensed Serbian bank to access NBS IPS as a registered agent.

Legal Framework: Article 24 (Agent Registration)

Under the Law on Payment Services, payment institutions and banks can appoint **registered agents** to provide payment services on their behalf.

Requirements:

- Agent must be registered with NBS
- Principal (bank) remains responsible for agent's actions
- Written agent agreement required
- Agent must comply with all AML/CFT obligations

Bank Partnership Pitch

Target Banks: Raiffeisen Banka, Erste Bank, Banca Intesa, OTP Banka, Mobi Banka (digital-first)

Value Proposition:

- Drop brings new digital-native customers to the bank
- Increased IPS transaction volume
- Revenue share on transaction fees
- Co-branded offering (optional)

What Drop Needs:

- IPS gateway API access
- Registered agent status (Article 24)
- Technical integration support
- Bank account for settlement

Document: [serbian-bank-partnership-pitch.md](#)

Timeline: 6-7 months from first contact to launch (optimistic)

Sanctions Sources (CORRECTED)

Drop Srbija screens against three sources:

1. **UN Consolidated List**

- URL: <https://www.un.org/securitycouncil/sanctions/list>
- Format: XML/PDF download
- Update frequency: Weekly

2. **EU Restrictive Measures (Sanctions Map)**

- URL: <https://sanctionsmap.eu/>
- Format: JSON API available
- Update frequency: Daily

3. **Serbian Government Sanctions**

- Source: Official Gazette of the Republic of Serbia
- Implementation: Serbia adopts UN sanctions, occasionally imposes additional measures
- No centralized API — manual monitoring required

CRITICAL CORRECTION: There is NO "NBS SDN list." NBS does not maintain a separate sanctions list. Earlier references to "NBS SDN" were an error. Use only the three sources above.

Compliance Roles

Drop Srbija must appoint the following officers before launch:

| Role | Responsibility | Qualifications |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|
| Data Protection Officer (DPO) | ZZPL compliance, data subject requests, breach notification | Legal/IT background, ZZPL expertise |
| AML/CFT Compliance Officer | Transaction monitoring, STR filing, sanctions screening | ACAMS certification or equivalent, Serbian language |
| Risk Officer | Operational and financial risk management | Can be CTO initially, fintech risk experience |

Hiring Status: TBD — awaiting Drop Srbija d.o.o. incorporation

Legal Document Index

All legal and compliance documents are located in `/comms/decisions/`:

- [nbs-pisp-license-requirements.md](#) — NBS PI license application guide
 - [serbian-bank-partnership-pitch.md](#) — Bank partnership proposal template
 - [privacy-policy-sr.md](#) — ZZPL-compliant privacy policy (Serbian)
 - [privacy-policy-drop-srbija-draft.md](#) — Privacy policy (English draft)
 - [incident-notification-procedure.md](#) — Three-track incident reporting protocol
 - [dpia-kyc-biometric.md](#) — DPIA for biometric KYC
 - [framework-contract-payment-users-sr.md](#) — Framework contract for payment service users
 - [recommendation-year1-vs-year2.md](#) — Finverge analysis: Agent model vs PI license
 - [serbian-banks-api-landscape.md](#) — Serbian banking API research
 - [nbs-pi-license-application-package.md](#) — Complete NBS application package guide
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DISCLAIMER:

All documents are DRAFT status and require Serbian legal counsel review before use. Drop Srbija must engage a Serbian law firm specializing in fintech/payment services for:

1. Validation of all legal and regulatory statements
2. Review and finalization of all documents
3. Entity structure and licensing strategy advice
4. Drafting final agreements and regulatory submissions

Budget Estimate: EUR 5,000-10,000 for initial legal review.

Last Updated: 2026-04-16

Next Review: After Serbian legal counsel engagement

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