

ADR-011: Expo Mobile Framework

ADR-011: Expo SDK 54 for Mobile App

Status: Accepted **Date:** 2026-02-21 **Deciders:** John (AI Director), Alem (CEO) **Category:** Mobile

Context

Drop requires a mobile app for iOS and Android. The mobile app is the primary interface for remittance and QR payments -- users scan QR codes with their phone camera and approve payments via BankID on the same device.

Mobile framework options considered:

Framework	Cross-Platform	Code Sharing (Web)	OTA Updates	Camera/QR	BankID Integration	Dev Experience
Expo SDK 54	iOS + Android	High (React shared)	Yes (EAS Update)	expo-camera	expo-web-browser	Excellent
React Native (bare)	iOS + Android	High (React shared)	Manual	react-native-camera	Custom deep links	Good
Flutter	iOS + Android	None (Dart vs TS)	No native OTA	camera plugin	Custom deep links	Good
Native (Swift/Kotlin)	Separate codebases	None	App Store only	Native APIs	Native SDKs	Platform-specific

Key factors in the decision:

- Code sharing:** Drop's web app uses React 19. Expo enables sharing React components, hooks, types, and business logic between web and mobile.

2. **BankID flow:** Mobile BankID authentication requires opening a secure browser (`expo-web-browser`) and handling deep link callbacks (`drop://auth/callback`). Expo provides both natively.
3. **QR scanning:** Core feature requires camera access. `expo-camera` provides this with barcode scanning built in.
4. **OTA updates:** Financial apps need rapid hotfix deployment. Expo Application Services (EAS) provides over-the-air JavaScript bundle updates without App Store review.
5. **Team capacity:** AI-driven development team benefits from a single language (TypeScript) across all platforms.

Decision

Use Expo SDK 54 with managed workflow for the Drop mobile app.

```
graph TB
  subgraph mobile["Mobile App (Expo SDK 54)"]
    screens["Screens<br/>(10 screens matching web)"]
    hooks["Shared Hooks<br/>(useAuth, useTransactions)"]
    types["Shared TypeScript Types"]

    screens --> camera["expo-camera<br/>(QR scanning)"]
    screens --> browser["expo-web-browser<br/>(BankID auth)"]
    screens --> notif["expo-notifications<br/>(push alerts)"]
    screens --> storage["AsyncStorage<br/>(Bearer token)"]
    screens --> linking["expo-linking<br/>(deep links: drop://)"]
  end

  subgraph web["Web App (Next.js 15)"]
    web_screens["Screens<br/>(10 screens)"]
    web_hooks["Shared Hooks"]
    web_types["Shared TypeScript Types"]
  end

  subgraph backend["Backend"]
    hono["Hono v4 API<br/>(v1/* - Bearer auth)"]
    nextjs["Next.js BFF<br/>(api/* - Cookie auth)"]
  end

  hooks -->|"Shared React code"| web_hooks
  types -->|"Shared types"| web_types
```

```

mobile --> hono
web --> nextjs

classDef expo fill:#E3F2FD,stroke:#1565C0
classDef web_style fill:#C8E6C9,stroke:#2E7D32
classDef backend_style fill:#FFF3E0,stroke:#E65100

class screens,hooks,types,camera,browser,notif,storage,linking expo
class web_screens,web_hooks,web_types web_style
class hono,nextjs backend_style

```

Key Expo Modules Used

Module	Purpose	Drop Feature
<code>expo-camera</code>	Camera access + barcode scanning	QR payment scanning
<code>expo-web-browser</code>	Secure in-app browser	BankID OIDC authentication
<code>expo-notifications</code>	Push notification handling	Transaction alerts, payment receipts
<code>expo-linking</code>	Deep link handling (<code>drop://</code>)	BankID callback, notification deep links
<code>@react-native-async-storage</code>	Persistent key-value store	Bearer token storage
<code>expo-secure-store</code>	Encrypted storage	Sensitive data (future biometric)
<code>expo-local-authentication</code>	Biometric auth	App unlock (Phase 2)

Mobile-Specific Auth Flow

The mobile BankID flow differs from web:

- `GET /v1/auth/bankid/initiate?platform=mobile` returns `{ redirectUrl, state }`
- Open BankID in `expo-web-browser` (secure, isolated browser)
- BankID redirects to `drop://auth/callback?code=&state=`
- `expo-linking` catches the deep link
- `POST /v1/auth/bankid/callback` exchanges code for Bearer token
- Token stored in `AsyncStorage` (7-day lifetime)

Consequences

Positive

- Single language (TypeScript) across web, mobile, and backend
- High code reuse: shared types, hooks, and validation logic with web app
- OTA updates via EAS enable rapid hotfixes without App Store review cycle
- Managed workflow eliminates native build complexity
- `expo-camera` provides built-in barcode scanning for QR payments
- `expo-web-browser` provides secure BankID integration
- Large React Native ecosystem for additional modules

Negative

- Expo managed workflow limits access to some native APIs (can eject if needed)
- App size larger than pure native (~25MB vs ~5MB)
- JavaScript bridge performance for heavy computation (not a concern for Drop's use case)
- Must use Expo-compatible packages (some React Native packages require ejection)
- EAS build service adds to CI costs

Risks

- **Expo SDK upgrade breakage:** Major Expo SDK upgrades can break packages.
Mitigation: managed workflow handles most upgrades; test thoroughly before upgrading.
- **App Store rejection:** Financial apps face stricter App Store review. Mitigation: ensure compliance with App Store Review Guidelines section 3.1 (payments) and 5.1 (privacy).
- **Performance on low-end devices:** React Native may lag on older Android devices.
Mitigation: minimal animations, lazy loading, optimized list rendering.

References

- [ADR-008: Hono API Framework](#) -- Mobile API backend
- [Authentication System](#) -- Mobile BankID flow
- [Component Overview \(C4 Level 3\)](#) -- Mobile app components
- [ADR-007: BankID OIDC Auth](#) -- Authentication provider
- Expo documentation: docs.expo.dev

Revision #5

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